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# Report on Transitional Aid to Families with Dependent Children – Noncitizen Clients

March 2020



# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSITIONAL ASSISTANCE REPORT ON TRANSITIONAL AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEPENDENT CHILDREN -NONCITIZEN CLIENTS

**MARCH 2020** 

### **REPORT OVERVIEW**

Massachusetts General law, Chapter 18, Section 2(B)(r) requires that DTA file an annual report detailing the number of clients receiving Transitional Aid to Families with Dependent Children (TAFDC) under an eligible noncitizen status, as described in 106 CMR 203.675.

### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSITIONAL ASSISTANCE MISSION

DTA's mission is to assist and empower low-income individuals and families to meet their basic needs, improve their quality of life, and achieve long-term economic self-sufficiency. DTA offers a comprehensive system of programs and supports to help individuals and families achieve greater economic self-sufficiency, including food and nutritional assistance, economic assistance, and employment supports.

DTA serves one out of every nine people in the Commonwealth including working families, children, elders, and people with disabilities.

### **ELIGIBLE NONCITIZEN STATUSES FOR TAFDC**

Noncitizens' eligibility for TAFDC depends on their status as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA),<sup>1</sup> the date that status was granted, and the meeting of other specified criteria. There are 11 unique statuses that can determine noncitizen applicants' eligibility for TAFDC benefits. Those statuses are as follows:

- Veteran or Active Duty Personnel
- Legal Permanent Residents
- Refugees
- Asylees
- Withholding of Deportation
- Parolees
- Conditional Entrants
- Battered Noncitizens
- Cuban/Haitian Entrants
- Amerasians and/or
- Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 8 USC § 1101, et seq.

# **TAFDC RECIPIENTS WITH ELIGIBLE NONCITIZEN STATUS**

The following table, compiled as of February 1, 2020, shows the number of eligible noncitizen TAFDC recipients by INA status.

TABLE I ELIGIBLE NONCITIZEN RECIPIENTS BY NONCITIZEN STATUS		
Noncitizen Status	Recipients	
Veterans and Active Duty Personnel	0	
Legal Permanent Residents	1,192	
Refugees	356	
Asylees	60	
Withholding of Deportation	6	
Parolees	16	
Conditional Entrants	2	
Battered Noncitizens	28	
Cuban/Haitian Entrants	91	
Amerasians	0	
Victims of Severe Forms of Trafficking	1	
TOTAL	1,766	

# **ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA**

Additional eligibility criteria for each status can be found below in **Table 2**, as well as 106 CMR 203.675.

Table 2 Eligibility Criteria for Noncitizen Statuses		
Noncitizen Status	Individual is eligible if	
Veterans and Active	they are lawfully residing in the U.S. is an eligible noncitizen when he or she is:	
Duty Personnel	a. a veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces with honorable discharge not related to his or her noncitizen status;	
	b. a person on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces, other than active duty	
	for training, who fulfills the minimum active-duty service requirement of	
	24 months or the period for which the person was called to active duty;	
	c. a spouse of the veteran or person who died during active duty if:	
	a. the spouse has not remarried; and	
	b. the couple was married for at least one year or for any period if a	
	child was born of the marriage or was born before the marriage;	
	d. a spouse or unmarried dependent child of the veteran or person on active	
	duty described in (a) or (b) above. For purposes of this section, an	

	unmarried dependent child is a child who is or could be claimed as a deduction on the veteran's tax return and who meets the definition of a dependent child as specified in 106 CMR 203.560(B);
	e. a Hmong or other Highland Lao veteran who fought on behalf of the Armed Forces of the U.S. during the Vietnam conflict and has been lawfully admitted to the U.S. for permanent residence; or
	f. a member of the organized military forces of the Government of the Philippines while such forces were in the service of the Armed Forces of the United States pursuant to the military order dated July 26, 1941, including organized guerrilla forces under commanders organized by the U.S. Army for service prior to 7/1/46.
Legal Permanent	they are present in the U.S. as a legal permanent resident, and if:
Residents	a. The legal permanent resident status was granted before 8/22/96;
	b. The legal permanent resident status is granted on or after 8/22/96 and five consecutive years have elapsed from the date the legal permanent resident status was granted;
	c. The legal permanent resident status, regardless of the date the legal
	permanent status was granted, was a status adjustment by INS and prior
	to the status adjustment the noncitizen was (i) a refugee under section
	207 of the INA, (ii) an asylee under section 208 of the INA, (iii) a noncitizen
	whose deportation was being withheld under section 243(h) or 241(b)(3)
	of the INA, (iv) a Cuban/Haitian entrant under section 501(e) of the
	Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 or under section 212(d)(5) of
	the INA, or (v) an Amerasian immigrant under section 584 of the Foreign
	Operations, Export Financing and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1988; or
	d. The noncitizen, who entered the U.S. before 8/22/96, whose legal
	permanent resident status was granted on or after 8/22/96, and who has
	been continuously present in the U.S. from the latest date of entry prior to
	8/22/96 until the legal permanent resident status was granted.
	Continuous presence is interrupted by a single absence from the U.S. of
	more than 30 days or a total of aggregated absences of more than 90
	days.
Refugees	they are present in the U.S. as a refugee under section 207 of the INA
Asylees	they are present in the U.S. as an asylee under section 208 of the INA
Withholding of	their deportation is being withheld under section 243(h) or 241(b)(3) of the
Deportation	INA
Parolees	they are present in the U.S. as a parolee under section 212(d)(5) of the INA,
	and if:
	a. The parolee status was granted before 8/22/96 and the noncitizen is being
	paroled for a period of at least one year; or
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	b. The parolee status is granted on or after 8/22/96, the noncitizen is eligible after five consecutive years have elapsed from the date the parolee status was granted; or (c) The noncitizen who entered the U.S. before 8/22/96, whose parolee status was granted on or after 8/22/96, and who has been continuously present in the U.S. from the latest date of entry prior to 8/22/96 until the parolee status was granted is an eligible noncitizen. Continuous presence is interrupted by a single absence from the U.S. of more than 30 days or a total of aggregated absences of more than 90 days.		
Conditional Entrants	they are present in the U.S. as a conditional entrant under section 203(a)(7) of		
	the INA as in effect prior to 4/1/80, and if:		
	a. The conditional entrant status was granted before 8/22/96; or		
	b. The conditional entrant status is granted on or after 8/22/96, the		
	noncitizen is eligible after five consecutive years have elapsed from the		
	date the conditional entrant status was granted; or		
	c. The noncitizen who entered the U.S. before 8/22/96, whose conditional		
	entrant status was granted on or after 8/22/96, and who has been		
	continuously present in the U.S. from the latest date of entry prior to		
	8/22/96 until the conditional entrant status was granted.		
	d. Continuous presence is interrupted by a single absence from the U.S. of		
	more than 30 days or a total of aggregated absences of more than 90 days.		
Battered	while lawfully residing in the U.S., they or their minor child:		
Noncitizens	a. has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by:		
	i. a spouse or a parent, or a member of the spouse's or parent's		
	family residing in the same household as the noncitizen; and		
	ii. the spouse or parent consented or did not intervene to stop such		
	battery or cruelty. A noncitizen who actively participated in the		
	battery or cruelty toward his or her child is ineligible; and		
	b. the individual responsible for the battery or cruelty is no longer residing in the same household as the noncitizen or minor child subjected to the		
	battery or cruelty; and		
	c. the noncitizen has been approved or has a pending petition for:		
	i. status as a spouse or a child of a U.S. citizen pursuant to clause (ii),		
	(iii), or (iv) of section 204(a)(1)(A) of the INA;		
	ii. classification pursuant to clause (ii) or (iii) of section 204(a)(1)(B) of the INA;		
	iii. suspension of deportation and adjustment of status pursuant to		
	section 244(a)(3) of the INA; or		
	iv. iv. status as a spouse or child of a U.S. citizen pursuant to clause i of section 204(a)(1)(A) of the INA, or classification pursuant to clause i of section 204(a)(1)(B) of the INA		

Cuban/Haitian	they are present in the U.S. as a Cuban/Haitian entrant under section 501(e) of
Entrants	the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 or under section 212(d)(5) of
	the INA
Amerasians	they are from Vietnam and are present in the U.S. as an Amerasian immigrant,
	as defined in section 584 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing and
	Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1988
Victims of Severe	they are present in the U.S. having been issued a letter of certification by the
Forms of Trafficking	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as proof of the victim of
	severe forms of trafficking status, as defined in the Trafficking Victims
	Protection Act of 2000.